

The Border Widette.

TWELFTH YEAR.

NOGALES, SANTA CRUZ COUNTY, ARIZONA, DECEMBER 10, 1904.

No. 51.

WALTHAM AND ELGIN

MOVEMENTS, EVERY SIZE AND GRADE.

Gold and Gold Filled Cases of all
Leading Makes.

Latest Designs in Sterling Silver Novelties, Gold and
High Grade Plated Jewelry.

Largest Stock of Plated Silver Ware in
the Southwest.

Watch and Jewelry Repairing
Done by Expert Workmen.

SONORA NEWS CO.
Nogales, Ariz.

BANCO DE SONORA,

Main Office: HERMOSILLO.

BRANCHES: NOGALES, GUAYMAS, CHIHUAHUA.

Capital Paid up \$ 1,000,000.00

Surplus \$ 500,000.00

BRANCH AT NOGALES: F. PELTIER, MANAGER.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN MEXICAN AND AMERICAN MONEY

Montezuma Hotel,

L. J. F. IAEGER, Prop.

The Only First-Class Hotel in Nogales.
Newly Refitted and Furnished Throughout.

FIRST-CLASS DINING ROOM RATES REASONABLE.
DRUMMERS' SAMPLE ROOMS.

INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT COMPANY.

MINES, RANCHES, REAL ESTATE, CATTLE.

Office in Montezuma Hotel: NOGALES, ARIZONA.

PIANOS!

Write us about our easy payment plan.

The Zellner Piano Co.

Headquarters for Arizona.

114 E. Congress St.

Tucson, Arizona.

THE PALACE,

M. M. CONN,
PROPRIETOR.

NOGALES. - - ARIZONA.

PLOT UNEARTHED.

Immigration Authorities Spoil Big
Smuggling Scheme.

The immigration authorities have information of a plot hatched at Guaymas or Mazatlan, Mexico, to smuggle into the United States 20,000 Chinese coolies, and thereby clean up a cool \$9,000,000, according to the San Antonio Gazette.

The plan was worked out by American renegades and Mexican and Chinese merchants, and each Chinaman successfully smuggled into the United States was to pay to the conspirators \$500.

The plan was to bring the celestial to Mexico direct from China, to cut off his cue and force him to let his hair grow long similar to that of the Indian tribes in the mountains of Mexico, to teach him the Mexican language, and to give him a Mexican name. It was thought that with these precautions it would be an easy matter to smuggle them across the border as Mexican-Indian peons. They would of course be dressed in Mexican costumes and in case suspicion was aroused it would be up to the American Chinese inspectors to prove that they were Asiatics.

The Americans in the company were to have agents on this side of the line to handle all sent over and see that they were distributed into various cities in the United States and utilized by boss Chinamen until they had worked out the charge of \$500.

The conspirators expected by these methods to send into the United States 20,000 coolies within the next three years and to clean up at least \$9,000,000 net profit.

The coolies were to be worked in with gangs of bona fide peons in being taken across the border and the conspirators intended to use every port of entry on the Mexican border in carrying out their scheme.

The ports of Guaymas, Mazatlan and Acapulco would be the main ports for the reception of the Chinese hordes, and the schools for training them into Mexicans would be situated near these points. As the Chinese acquire the Mexican language very quickly, it was figured that six months would be sufficient time to train them properly.

Some very damaging evidence has been secured, and it is probable that sensational arrests may soon be made.

\$360,000 Gold Monthly.

In his monthly report to stockholders, President Greene, of the Greene Consolidated Copper Co., states that the bullion production in September was 5,063,275 pounds containing 4,996,059 pounds of electrolytic copper and a by-product of gold and silver. The bullion product in October was 5,793,789 pounds, but the detailed returns of its yield in copper, and gold have not yet been received.

In September the company sold 8,421,00 pounds of copper at an average price of 12.778c per pound. In October the company sold 16,280,000 pounds of copper which represented an accumulation at an average price of 13.262c per pound. At the present price of copper the company will show net earnings of \$360,000 a month.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is Pleasant to Take.

The finest quality of granulated loaf sugar is used in the manufacture of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and the roots used in its preparation give it a flavor similar to maple syrup, making it quite pleasant to take. Mr. W. L. Roderick, of Poolesville, Md., in speaking of this remedy, says: "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy with my children for several years and can truthfully say it is the best preparation of the kind I know of. The children like to take it and it has no injurious after effect. For sale by all druggists."

NOW ON GOLD BASIS

Mexico Now Has 50-cent Dollar Although Bill Not Passed

Although the bill for the change of Mexico's monetary system has not gotten through the Federal Congress, the country now practically has the 50-cent dollar and exchange is not to be allowed to go beyond 205. Local exchange has been running at about 202 buying, 204 selling, all week.

The government and bankers, at the suggestion of Sr. Limantour have agreed upon the 205 limit. The government, for the present at least, is well prepared to keep this limit, as it has a great deal of exchange in New York as the result of the \$40,000,000 loan recently negotiated by the Spencers of New York.

This proves the old saying of John Sherman when he brought about the resumption of specie payments in 1879, when he said: "The way to resume is to resume." Mexico has resumed already, so to speak, and it is the opinion of bankers and business men that it is already a successful move. A more healthful feeling and steadiness is noticed here. The bankers are not worried about what the daily report of exchange is in Mexico City. In other words, the exchange business of the banks is now practically a legitimate business, and on a basis in keeping with conservative banking.—Chihuahua Enterprise.

Judge Kent's Decision.

In the case of the Phoenix & Eastern railway, applying for a supersedeas to stay District Court of Pinal county, granting the Arizona Eastern railroad permission to take possession of the right of way held by the former company, Chief Justice Kent, of the Supreme Court of Arizona, while doubting his right to issue a supersedeas, decided that pending a full hearing of the case by the Supreme Court the Arizona Eastern should not take possession of the right of way in dispute and that the Phoenix and Eastern be not allowed to operate trains beyond Kelvin. The Phoenix and Eastern is allowed under the decision, to operate the line as far as Kelvin.—Phoenix Enterprise.

The Transvaal's Gold.

There was received this week from the Secretary of the Transvaal Chamber of Mines, Johannesburg, South Africa, the analysis of gold production in the Transvaal for the month of September, 1904, a summary of which is as follows:

Number of reporting mines, 66; number of stamps operated, 5045; tons of ore milled, 693,685; total value of production, £1,326,506, equal to about \$6,600,000; average value per ton, about \$9.50.

For nine months ended September 30, 1904, the gold production of the mines of the Transvaal and outside districts amounts to £11,671,129, equal to about \$58,356,000, and which is at the rate of \$77,800,000 for twelve months.

The total amount of dividends paid by Transvaal mining companies during the present year, up to and including September 30, 1904, is \$11,340,000.—Mining Review.

Notice to Stockholders.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
Nogales, Ariz., Dec. 6, 1904.
To the Stockholders Etc:

Notice is hereby given that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of directors and for the transaction of other legitimate business will be held at the banking rooms of said bank, Nogales, Arizona, on January 10, 1905, at 3 o'clock p. m.

WM. SCHUCKMANN,
Vice President.

First pub. Dec. 10, 1904. 5-t.

FIGHTING MERGER BILL.

Gov. Brodie Now in Washington for That Purpose.

Governor Brodie, who is in Washington, called at the White House last Saturday. He said it was his purpose to remain in Washington until after the assembling of Congress.

"I am here to do all I can," said he, "against the bill that is pending in Congress for the creation of one State out of Arizona and New Mexico. Nobody in either Territory wants Statehood in this way. We want single Statehood. Both Territories are entitled to Statehood and there is no good reason to attempt to put them both in one State."

"The combination Statehood bill would never have been reported if the opponents of Statehood had not feared that Senator Quay would make a move that would result in Statehood for New Mexico, Arizona, Oklahoma and Indian Territory. The fact is that the men who engineered this amalgamation Statehood bill were not friends of Statehood in any form and adopted that plan to defeat the Quay movement."

"I do not regard the President as unfriendly to single Statehood. I believe he will be contented to let Congress solve the question and will approve the action of that body whatever it is."

May be Main Line.

A recent dispatch from Tucson to the El Paso Herald gives the following interesting information:

From what can be learned here it is the purpose of Col. Epes Randolph to greatly enlarge the scope of the Arizona Eastern, which is to be the cut-off of the Southern Pacific through Arizona and New Mexico when completed.

The original idea seems to have been to construct a line of railroad several miles north of the present main line of the company and between Wilcox or Bowie on the east and Sentinel on the west. It is now, however, definitely learned that the proposed route will be over the line already surveyed as far as the crossing of the Gila Valley, Globe & Northern railroad, after which the line will proceed in an easterly manner to a point south of Clifton and then swing southeasterly to a connection with the present main line of the Southern Pacific at or near Deming. Preliminary lines have been run over this portion of the proposed route and it is found that the new route will give the company a much better grade than the present one, and this route when the line is constructed, it is understood, will become the main line of the company and the present line will be given to local traffic and other slow traffic of different kinds, but the main bulk of the heavy through traffic of the future will be handled over the new route.

Generally speaking it is said that the country opened up by the new line will be much more productive country than that tapped by the old line and will yield a much larger local tonnage than the present one.

Silver Shipments.

Dun's Review (New York) reports that British exports of silver to India and the Far East for the year 1904 up to November 3, amounted to £8,739,993, compared with £6,426,069 for the corresponding period of last year, the figures being compiled by Messrs. Pixley & Abell, of London. India received it, practically, all, shipments to that country being £8,309,168 out of the total £8,739,993. Reduced to dollars the increase in the amount of silver bullion shipped to India up to November 3 for this year, is \$14,575,000 more than during the corresponding period of 1903.

"Wait a minute and watch the Time Fly." See window at E. J. Pellegrin's store. tf.

OFFICIAL PROCEEDINGS

—OF THE—
Board of Supervisors of Santa Cruz County.

Office of the Board of Supervisors of Santa Cruz County, Nogales, Arizona, Aug. 3, 1904.

A communication was received from the Territorial Rand Commission under the date of July 15, 1904, stating that the loan Commission had exchanged \$31,000 of Territorial five per cent funding bonds for \$30,000 and accrued interest of Santa Cruz County seven per cent bonds which had been issued to Pima county, and requested that the Board of Supervisors remit the sum of \$125.83 in payment of difference account of refunding of Santa Cruz seven per cent bonds into Territorial five per cent funding bonds.

Upon motion, all members present voting aye, it was ordered that a warrant be drawn on the County General Fund for the sum of \$125.83 in payment of difference of interest, account of refunding of bonds.

Communication received from county school superintendent submitting estimate of school moneys necessary to run the schools of the county for the coming year and same was ordered placed on file.

Upon motion the Board now ordered that the Clerk instruct the County Treasurer to transfer the sum of \$493.75 from the County General Fund to the County Salary Fund.

The Board now stood at recess until August 18th, 1904.

Approved,
R. FARRELL,
Chairman.

Attest
PHIL HEROLD,
Clerk.

Office of Board of Supervisors,
Nogales, Arizona,
Aug. 18, 1904.

The Board of Supervisors met pursuant to the recess of August 2, 1904.

Present Chairman Richard Farrell, Members James Harrison and Henry Harmon, and Clerk Herold.

The Board now proceeded to make the tax levy for the year 1904.

The following statement received from the Territorial Board of Equalization was read, to-wit:

CONTINUED ON FOURTH PAGE.

Harcourt's Bail \$10,000.

J. F. Harcourt, alleged diamond swindler, was arraigned before Justice W. H. Culver yesterday, and his bail was fixed at \$10,000, which defendant has failed to make up to the present time.

The preliminary hearing of the case will occur before Justice Culver next Saturday at 2 p. m.

There was only a small crowd of spectators present in the justice's court room yesterday afternoon when the defendant was arraigned before his honor. That he would be arraigned was known only to a favored few, and it was no doubt due to this fact that there were no others present.

The prisoner entered the court room unaccompanied save by Sheriff Murphy. He had been there only a few seconds before Judge Blenman read the complaint.

Judged Culver asked the defendant if he had an attorney to defend him, and was answered in the negative. Harcourt then asked for a continuance of his hearing until next Saturday, which was granted.—Star.

Dr. L. T. Bristol, dentist. Marsh building. tf.